### How do we use radioactive decay in dating the absolute age of a rock, fossil, or event?

- <u>Absolute Dating</u> using radioactive decay to determine the exact age of a rock, fossil, or event
- <u>Radioactive Decay</u> the disintegration of an isotope over time



Step 1: Geologists drill for core samples.



#### Step 2: Geologists crush the samples into thin sections and a fine powder.



#### Step 3: Geologists analysis the samples for composition and inconsistencies.



Step 4: Geochronologists use spectroscopes to measure the ratio of stable to unstable products.





#### **Periodic Table**

atomic number but differing atomic masses

14 units called Carbon-14

- <u>Isotopes</u> variations of an element that have the same
  - Example: Stable carbon has a mass of 12 units called Carbon-12 and isotopic carbon has a mass of

 <u>Half-Life</u> - the time required for half of a radioactive product to decay to a stable product

remaining half is still radioactive

- In a given sample of a radioactive isotope half of the atoms will decay to a stable product, but the

### Each element has its own half-life that range from fractions of a second to billions of years

RADIOACTIVE ISOTOPE	DISINTEGRATION	HALF-LIFE (years)
Carbon-14	$^{14}C \rightarrow ^{14}N$	$5.7 \times 10^{3}$
Potassium-40	<sup>40</sup> K → <sup>40</sup> Ar → <sup>40</sup> Ca	1.3 × 10 <sup>9</sup>
Uranium-238	<sup>238</sup> U→ <sup>206</sup> Pb	$4.5 \times 10^{9}$
Rubidium-87	<sup>87</sup> Rb→ <sup>87</sup> Sr	$4.9 \times 10^{10}$

 The half-life of an isotope is not effected by any or chemical reactions

environmental factors such as temperature, pressure,

 <u>Uranium-238</u> - one of the most important isotopes when dating rocks or events millions of years ago • Mass: 238 units Decay: Uranium-238  $\rightarrow$  Lead-206 •

• Half-Life: 4,500,000,000 years

- <u>Carbon-14</u> one of the most important isotopes when dating organic remains within tens of thousands of years
  - Mass: 14 units
  - Decay: Carbon-14 → Nitrogen-14
  - Half-Life: 5,700 years

Half-life	Percentage of Unstable C-14	Percentage of Stable N-14	Number of Years
0	100%	0%	0
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			







#### Age of the Earth